

The Sikh Marriage Ceremony

"They are not said to be husband and wife
Who merely sit together.

Rather they alone are called husband and wife.

Who have one soul in two bodies."

Guru Amardas



Brochure Sikhnet.Org
Translations Shauna Singh Baidwin
Edited and Redesigned Dr. Kanwaljit Singh Patiala

About the Sikh Wedding

In the Sikh tradition, marriage takes more than love between two people and physical liaison, through these natural aspects bring their own delights. Marriage is about two people trying to help one another toward the divine, and you marry to help one another to fulfil your life's purpose.

So, a Sikh wedding ceremony is a metaphor, in which we sing of the soul's longing to merge with the Infinite, and married love as a path, circling to the final merging.

The Sikh wedding ceremony enacts this metaphor, describing the desired four stages for a successful marriage in the form of rounds (Lavan-Phere) of the Sri Guru Granth Sahib.

The Bani Lavan (being recited at the time of Lavan), is a journey toward bliss, describes marriage as a metaphor for the journey of the soul reaching for infinite. You circle the Siri Guru Granth Sahib four times to commit to each other, making your promises with the teachings of the Prime Guru as witness.

Circling of Sri Guru Granth Sahib reminds that the Prime Guru (Paun Guru) is the centre of life, the creative principle from which life springs. As you circle, you enact the symbolic journey of the soul spiralling about the centre.

Each witness to your wedding, each member of the community (Sadh Sangat), is also involved in your promise. The community is pledging to support and assist you in choosing right actions (Karam) to help you on your path toward union with the ultimate.

Sikh Wedding Ceremony

BRIEF OVERVIEW

- ➤ **Kirtan** The wedding ceremony begins with singing and chanting Gurbani, the text of Sri Guru Granth Sahib.
- ➤ Milni On arriving members of the groom's family meets and greets the counterparts relatives of bride's family to signify the union of the two families.
- ➤ Couple Arrive The groom is seated facing Sri Guru Granth Sahib and the bride sits beside him on the left.
- ➤ Prayer (Ardas) The couple and their parents stand for offering Ardas for successful completion of the ceremony, and benign blessing of the Akalpurakh. The rest Sangat remain seated.
- ➤ Gurvaad After the Ardas a randomly chosen Shabad is consulted as an order of the Akalpurah as a thought and blessings for the day.
- ▶ Palla Traditionally the bride's parents tie one end of the groom's scarf/Shawl to their daughter's, symbolizing their union. The ceremony is accompanied by singing the Shabad 'Pallē Taindē Lāgī.'
- ➤ Circumambulation The Granthi recites Bani related to first Lav. The bride and groom circle Sri Guru Granth Sahib along with Lava Bani singing by the Kirtani Jatha. This is repeated for all the four Lavan.
- ➤ Conclusion The wedding ceremony is concluded with the singing of 'Anand Sahib' succeeded by 'Via Hōā Mērē Bābulā' and 'Pūrī Āsā Jī Mērī Mansā'.

Four Circumambulations

LAVAN PHERE

The 'Lavan' bani associated with the four nuptial rounds is written by Guru Ramdas (fourth Sikh Guru) on the occasion of his own wedding. It contains four verses.

First tells about the commitment for one to be true to one's own soul, to be committed to righteousness, be on the spiritual path and communicate with the soul through personal spiritual practice.

Second tells the couple they have met the True Guru. Now they have to rise above self-ness in favour of unity and commitment to the institution of Anand-Karaj as to a spiritual path.

Third tells the couple that they are blessed to be part of a congregation (Sadh-Sangat) and their lives should be an example of Sewa (helpfulness) to all.

Finally, the Guru predicts the couple can unite with the infinite, if they follow the path as advised.



LĀVĀN BĀŅĪ

ਸੂਹੀ ਮਹਲਾ ੪॥

sūhī mahalā 8.

ਹਰਿ ਪਹਿਲੜੀ ਲਾਵ ਪਰਵਿਰਤੀ ਕਰਮ ਦ੍ਰਿੜਾਇਆ ਬਲਿਰਾਮ ਜੀਉ॥ hari pahilarī lāv paraviratī karam drirāiā bali rām jīu.

In the first round of the marriage ceremony, the Lord sets out His Instructions for performing the daily duties of married life.

ਬਾਣੀ ਬ੍ਰਹਮਾ ਵੇਦੁ ਧਰਮੁ ਦ੍ਰਿੜਹੁ ਪਾਪ ਤਜਾਇਆ ਬਲਿ ਰਾਮ ਜੀਉ ॥ bāṇī brahamā vēdu dharamu driṛahu pāp tajāiā bali rām jīu.

Instead of the hymns of the Vedas to Brahma, embrace the righteous conduct of Dharma, and renounce sinful actions.

ਧਰਮੁ ਦ੍ਰਿੜਹੁ ਹਰਿ ਨਾਮੁ ਧਿਆਵਹੁ ਸਿਮ੍ਰਿਤਿ ਨਾਮੁ ਦ੍ਰਿੜਾਇਆ ॥ dharamu driṛahu hari nāmu dhiāvahu simriti nāmu driṛāiā.

Meditate on the Lord's Name; embrace and enshrine the contemplative remembrance of the Naam.

ਸਤਿਗੁਰੁ ਗੁਰੁ ਪੂਰਾ ਆਰਾਧਹੁ ਸਭਿ ਕਿਲਵਿਖ ਪਾਪ ਗਵਾਇਆ ॥ satiguru guru pūrā ārādhahu sabhi kilavikh pāp gavāiā.

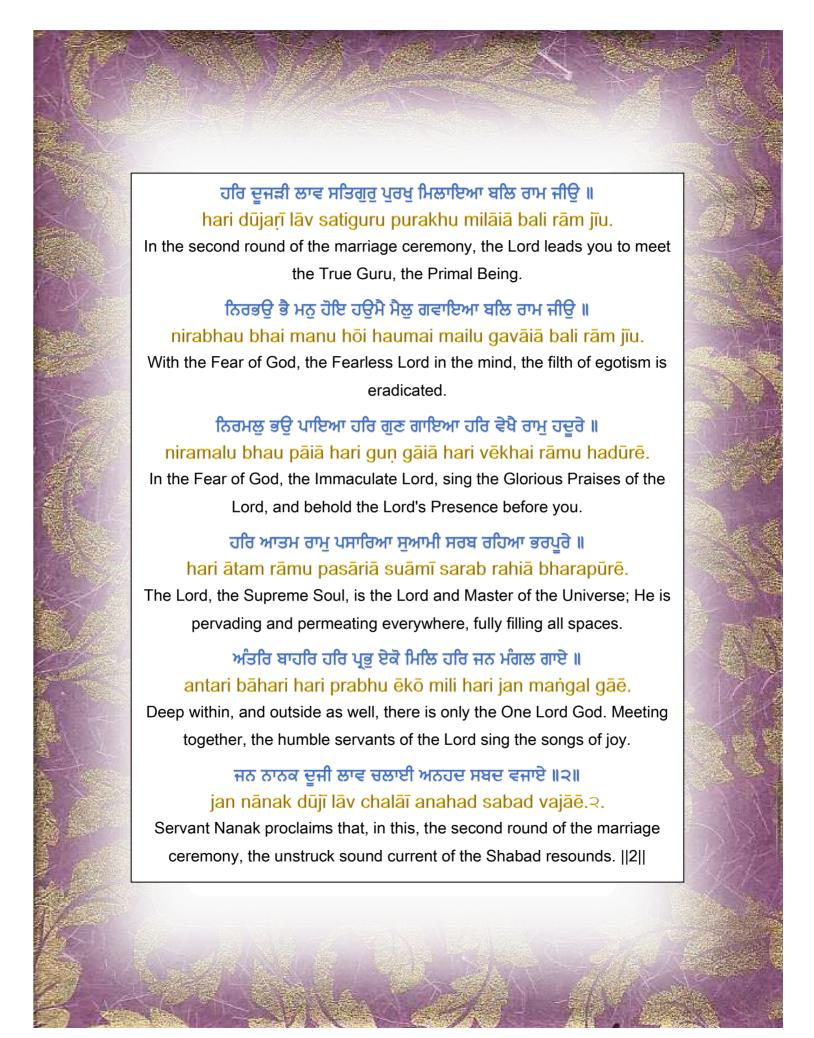
Worship and adore the Guru, the Perfect True Guru, and all your sins shall be dispelled.

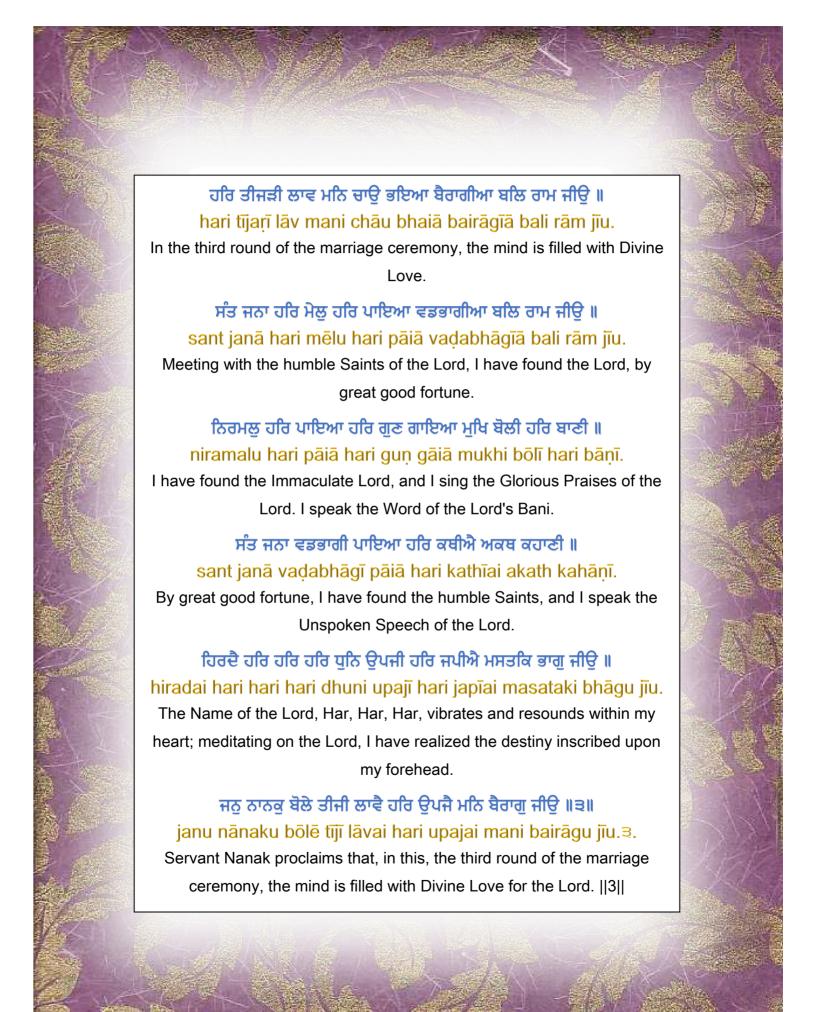
ਸਹਜ ਅਨੰਦੁ ਹੋਆ ਵਡਭਾਗੀ ਮਨਿ ਹਰਿ ਹਰਿ ਮੀਠਾ ਲਾਇਆ ॥ sahaj anandu hōā vaḍabhāgī mani hari hari mīṭhā lāiā.

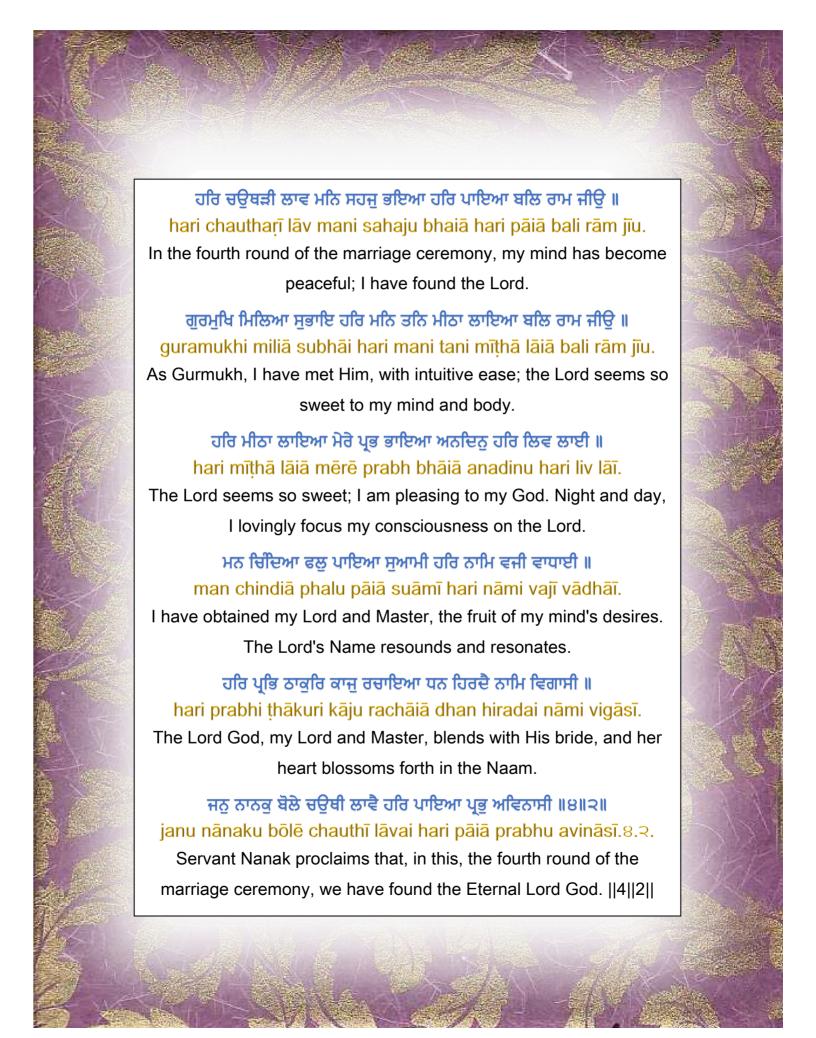
By great good fortune, celestial bliss is attained, and the Lord, Har, Har, seems sweet to the mind.

ਜਨੁ ਕਹੈ ਨਾਨਕੁ ਲਾਵ ਪਹਿਲੀ ਆਰੰਭੁ ਕਾਜੁ ਰਚਾਇਆ ॥੧॥ janu kahai nānaku lāv pahilī ārambhu kāju rachāiā.੧.

Servant Nanak proclaims that, in this, the first round of the marriage ceremony, the marriage ceremony has begun. ||1||







ਰਾਮਕਲੀ ਮਹਲਾ ੩ ਅਨੰਦੁ rāmakalī mahalā ੩ anandu ੴ ਸਤਿਗੁਰ ਪ੍ਰਸਾਦਿ ॥

ik-ömkār satigur prasādi.

Raamkalee, Third Mehl, Anand ~ The Song Of Bliss: One Universal Creator God. By The Grace Of The True Guru:

ਅਨੰਦੁ ਭਇਆ ਮੇਰੀ ਮਾਏ ਸਤਿਗੁਰੂ ਮੈ ਪਾਇਆ ॥

anandu bhaiā mērī māē satigurū mai pāiā. I am in ecstasy, O my mother, for I have found my True Guru.

ਸਤਿਗੁਰੂ ਤ ਪਾਇਆ ਸਹਜ ਸੇਤੀ ਮਨਿ ਵਜੀਆ ਵਾਧਾਈਆ ॥

satiguru t pāiā sahaj sētī mani vajīā vādhāīā.

I have found the True Guru, with intuitive ease, and my mind vibrates with the music of bliss.

ਰਾਗ ਰਤਨ ਪਰਵਾਰ ਪਰੀਆ ਸਬਦ ਗਾਵਣ ਆਈਆ ॥

rāg ratan paravār parīā sabad gāvaņ āīā .

The jewelled melodies and their related celestial harmonies have come to sing the Word of the Shabad.

ਸਬਦੋ ਤ ਗਾਵਹੁ ਹਰੀ ਕੇਰਾ ਮਨਿ ਜਿਨੀ ਵਸਾਇਆ ॥

sabadō t gāvahu harī kērā mani jinī vasāiā .

The Lord dwells within the minds of those who sing the Shabad.

ਕਹੈ ਨਾਨਕੁ ਅਨੰਦੁ ਹੋਆ ਸਤਿਗੁਰੁ ਮੈ ਪਾਇਆ ॥१॥

kahai nānaku anandu hōā satigurū mai pāiā . ٩.

Says Nanak, I am in ecstasy, for I have found my True Guru. ||1||

A Wedding Blessing (By Guru Ramdas)

ਵੀਆਹੁ ਹੋਆ ਮੇਰੇ ਬਾਬੁਲਾ ਗੁਰਮੁਖੇ ਹਰਿ ਪਾਇਆ ॥

vīāhu hōā mērē bābulā guramukhē hari pāiā.

My marriage has been performed, O my father. As Gurmukh, I have found the Lord.

ਅਗਿਆਨੁ ਅੰਧੇਰਾ ਕਟਿਆ ਗੁਰ ਗਿਆਨੁ ਪ੍ਰਚੰਡੁ ਬਲਾਇਆ ॥

agiānu andhērā kaţiā gur giānu prachandu balāiā.

The darkness of ignorance has been dispelled. The Guru has revealed the blazing light of spiritual wisdom.

ਬਲਿਆ ਗੁਰ ਗਿਆਨੁ ਅੰਧੇਰਾ ਬਿਨਸਿਆ ਹਰਿ ਰਤਨੁ ਪਦਾਰਥੁ ਲਾਧਾ ॥ baliā gur giānu andhērā binasiā hari ratanu padārathu lādhā .

This spiritual wisdom given by the Guru shines forth, and the darkness has been dispelled. I have found the Priceless Jewel of the Lord.

ਹਉਮੈ ਰੋਗੁ ਗਇਆ ਦੁਖੁ ਲਾਥਾ ਆਪੁ ਆਪੈ ਗੁਰਮਤਿ ਖਾਧਾ ॥

haumai rōgu gaiā dukhu lāthā āpu āpai guramati khādhā.

The sickness of my ego has been dispelled, and my pain is over and done. Through the Guru's Teachings, my identity has consumed my identical identity.

ਅਕਾਲ ਮੂਰਤਿ ਵਰੁ ਪਾਇਆ ਅਬਿਨਾਸੀ ਨਾ ਕਦੇ ਮਰੈ ਨ ਜਾਇਆ ॥ akāl mūrati varu pāiā abināsī nā kadē marai n jāiā .

I have obtained my Husband Lord, the Akaal Moorat, the Undying Form. He is Imperishable; He shall never die, and He shall never ever leave.

ਵੀਆਹੁ ਹੋਆ ਮੇਰੇ ਬਾਬੋਲਾ ਗੁਰਮੁਖੇ ਹਰਿ ਪਾਇਆ ॥੨॥ vīāhu hōā mērē bābōlā guramukhē hari pāiā .੨.

My marriage has been performed, O my father. As Gurmukh, I have found the Lord. ||2||

